

**Amendments to the Claims:**

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Canceled)
2. (Previously Presented) An image processing method for implementing low-pass filtering on image data, comprising:

a similarity judging step in which similarity among pixels are judged along four directions in a local area containing a target pixel undergoing low-pass filtering processing; and

a direction-dependent low-pass filtering step of performing a weighted averaging operation in which weighted pixel values of pixels around a target pixel are added to a pixel value of said target pixel and a result of said addition is divided by a sum of the weights, a weighting rate along a direction manifesting marked similarity becoming increased based upon said judgment obtained in said similarity judging step, wherein:

in said similarity judging step, first similarity values tt1, yy1, nu1 and ns1 along four directions are calculated using absolute values of differences among pixel values of a plurality of pixels along each direction within said local area;

a representative value m1 is calculated by averaging or taking a median of said first similarity values tt1, yy1, nu1 and ns1 along four directions;

second similarity values tt2, yy2, nu2 and ns2 are calculated based upon said first similarity values tt1, yy1, nu1 and ns1 along four directions and said representative value m1, where at least one of second similarity values tt2, yy2, nu2 and ns2 is 0 except in a case in which said first similarity values tt1, yy1, nu1 and ns1 are same, and as said second similarity values tt2, yy2, nu2 and ns2 become larger, a degree of similarity among pixels increases, and

in said direction-dependent low-pass filtering step, weighting rates for neighboring pixels located along four directions are determined in correspondence to said calculated second similarity values  $tt2$ ,  $yy2$ ,  $nu2$  and  $ns2$ , the pixel values of pixels around said target pixel are weighted by said weighting rates.

3. (Previously Presented) An image processing method according to claim 2, wherein:

said second similarity values  $tt2$ ,  $yy2$ ,  $nu2$  and  $ns2$  are calculated using expressions 1-4:

$$tt2 = \max \{m1 - tt1 + \delta, \gamma\} \dots (\text{expression 1})$$

$$yy2 = \max \{m1 - yy1 + \delta, \gamma\} \dots (\text{expression 2})$$

$$nu2 = \max \{m1 - nu1 + \delta, \gamma\} \dots (\text{expression 3})$$

$$ns2 = \max \{m1 - ns1 + \delta, \gamma\} \dots (\text{expression 4})$$

(where  $\delta$  and  $\gamma$  in the expressions above each represents a predetermined value which may be 0).

4. (Currently Amended) An image processing method according to ~~claim 1~~ claim 2, wherein:

said image data are color image data; and

said similarity is judged based upon at least two types of color information in said color image data in said similarity judging step.

5. (Original) An image processing method according to claim 4, wherein:  
said similarity is judged based upon color image data yet to undergo interpolation processing in said similarity judging step.

6. (Canceled)

7. (Canceled)

8. (Canceled)

9. (Currently Amended) An image processing method according to ~~claim 1~~ claim 2, wherein:

said image data are image data having undergone interpolation processing to interpolate pixels with missing color components; and

said low-pass filtering processing is implemented only on target pixels having undergone said interpolation processing in said direction-dependent low-pass filtering step.

10. (Currently Amended) An image processing method according to ~~claim 1~~ claim 2, wherein:

said image data are image data having undergone interpolation processing to interpolate pixels with missing color components; and

a pixel value of each pixel having undergone said interpolation processing is limited by a threshold value corresponding to a largest pixel value or a smallest pixel value in a specific area near the corresponding pixel prior to the low-pass filtering processing in the similarity judging step.

11. (Currently Amended) An image processing method according to ~~claim 1~~ claim 2, wherein:

said image data are color image data having, at least, a first color with a highest pixel density and a second color with a low pixel density and vacancies of color information, said image processing method further comprising:

a color difference calculating step in which a color difference between said second color and said first color is obtained for each pixel at which said second color is present;

a color difference interpolating step in which a color difference interpolation value is obtained for a pixel at which said second color is not present based upon said color difference obtained in said color difference calculating step; and

a second color restoring step in which said second color is restored based upon said color difference interpolation value obtained in said color difference interpolating step and a pixel value of said first color, wherein:

said first color used to calculate said color difference in said color difference calculating step is said first color that has not undergone said low-pass filtering processing.

12. (Original) An image processing method according to claim 11, wherein:

said first color used in restoring said second color in said second color restoring step is said first color that has undergone said low-pass filtering processing.

13.-20. (Canceled)

21. (Currently Amended) An image processing method according to ~~claim 13~~ claim 2, wherein:

in said direction-dependent low-pass filtering step, a first weighting rate, a second weighting rate, a third weighting rate, a fourth weighting rate and a fifth weighting rate are respectively applied for said target pixel, pixels above and below said target pixel, pixels next to said target pixel on the right and left, pixel above said target pixel on the right and pixel below said target pixel on the left, pixel above said target pixel on the left and pixel below said target pixel on the right; and

said second, third, fourth and fifth weighting rates along a direction manifesting marked similarity becomes increased.

22. (Previously Presented) An image processing method according to claim 21, wherein: said first weighting rate is  $1/(1+2k)$ , said second weighting rate is  $k \times tt / (1+2k)$ , said third weighting rate is  $k \times yy / (1+2k)$ , said fourth weighting rate is  $k \times nu / (1+2k)$  and said fifth weighting rate is  $k \times ns / (1+2k)$ , where  $k$  represents a predetermined value, and  $tt$ ,  $yy$ ,  $nu$  and  $ns$  satisfy the following equation:  $tt+yy+nu+ns = 1$ .